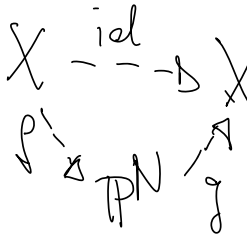


The diagonal of quartic 5-folds
(j.w. Nebojsa Pavic)

1. Introduction X a variety / \mathbb{P}^n .

Def. X retract rat'l $\iff \exists f, g$ $X \xrightarrow{id} X$
 $(N \geq \dim X)$



Ex. If $X \times Y$ rat'l $\implies X$ is retract rat'l

Rehr.

~~RAT'L~~ \implies ~~ST. RAT'L~~ \implies ~~RETR RAT'L~~ \implies ~~UNI RAT'L~~



$X \subset \mathbb{P}^{n+1}$
 d of deg d , very general

$d=6, n=3$: Iskovskii-Pavlov, $\mathbb{C}P^3$ further not retract rat'l

$d=4, n=4$, Tataru '16 not retract rat'l

$d \geq \log_2 n + 2, n \geq 3 \implies X$ is not rebr rat'l [Sch.]

$n=5: d \geq 5$

Thm (Nisenz-Open) $X \subset \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{C}}^6$ is v.g. quartic
 $\Rightarrow X$ is not stably ratl.

Remark. Does not work for veb. ratl
 or in char > 0 .

NO used:

Thm (Nisenz Skender, Kontsevich-Tschinkel)

$X \rightarrow \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[t]$ is str. ss with special

fibers $Y = \bigcup_{i \in I} Y_i$, then

$$X_{\bar{\eta}} \text{ stably ratl} \Rightarrow \sum_{j \in I} (-1)^{|j|-1} [Y_j] = [\text{pt.}]$$

in $\mathbb{Z}\{\text{st. Giv'l equiv classes}\}$

where $Y_j = \bigcap_{i \in j} Y_i$

Proof of NO-then.

$$X = \{wt = z_5 z_6, w^2 = F\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{C}} \begin{matrix} z_0, \dots, z_6 & w \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ (1, 2) \end{matrix} \subset \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{C}[t]}$$

$F \in \mathbb{C}[z_0, \dots, z_6]$ quartic v.g. subject to inv

under $z_5 \leftrightarrow z_6$.

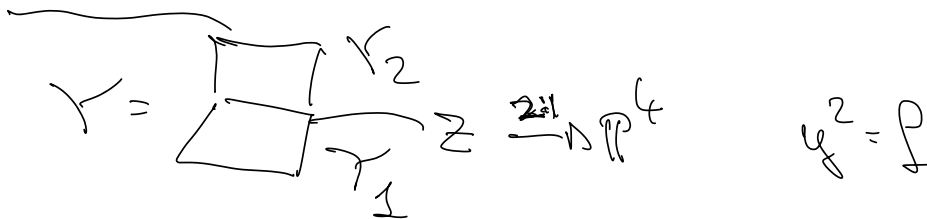
Special fibre $Y = \{z_5 z_6 = 0, w^2 = F\} = Y_1 \cup Y_2$

$Y_i \xrightarrow{2:1} \mathbb{P}^5$ branched at $F|_{z_6=0}$

$Z = Y_1 \cap Y_2 = \{z_5 = z_6, w^2 = F\}$

$Z \xrightarrow{2:1} \mathbb{P}^4$ branched at $F|_{z_5=z_6=0}$

generic fibre: $w = t^{-1} z_5 z_6$ so $\{t^2 z_5^2 z_6^2 = F\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^6$
is a quartic



need to check

$$\underbrace{[Y_2] + [Y_1]}_{= 2[Y_1]} - [Z] \stackrel{?}{=} [pt.] \in \mathbb{Z} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \text{st. div} \\ \text{equiv.} \end{matrix} \right\}$$

\uparrow
 $\neq [pt.] \in \text{Gy}[\mathbb{P}^4]$

Alternatively, we can make Y_1 & Y_2 singular (triple pt)
no vert'l

\downarrow
 $\mathbb{Z} \text{ NO}$

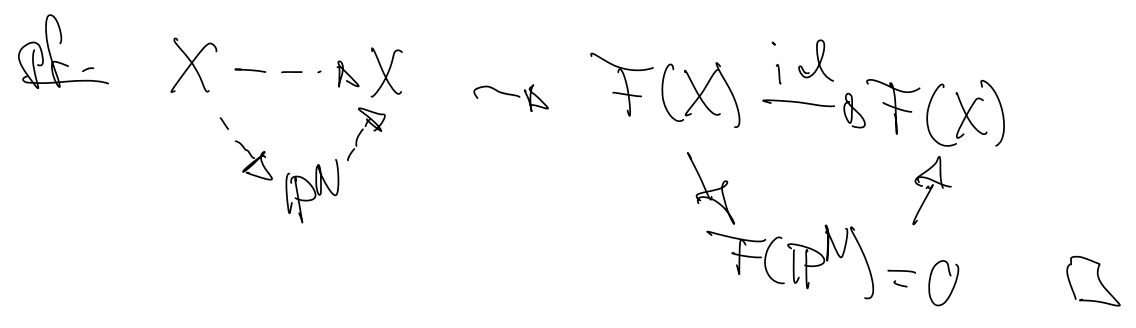
Q1 $X_4 \subset \mathbb{P}^6$ is it rebr. ratl?

Q2 How to replace metric obstruction of NS-KT in the above argument.

2. Obstruct Rebr. ratl

$F: \{ \text{Sm Proj } \mathbb{P}^n \} \rightarrow \text{Ab}$ functorial for ratl maps

Lemma. X rebr ratl & $F(\mathbb{P}^N) = 0 \quad \forall N$
 $\Rightarrow F(X) = 0.$



Ex1 $F(X) = H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X^i)$, $i \geq 1$ contravariant

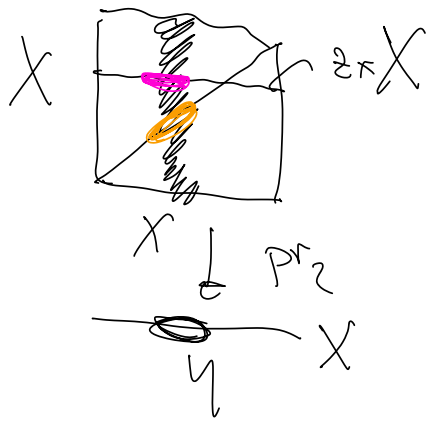
Ex2 $F(X) = \text{Per}(\mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathbb{Z})$ covariant

Ex3 $\forall L/\mathbb{R} \rightsquigarrow F_L(X) \cong \text{Per}(\mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathbb{Z})$

Def. X is univ CH_0 -triv if $\text{CH}_0(X) \xrightarrow{\text{deg}} \mathbb{Z}$ is an iso $\forall L/R$.

Def. \exists dec of Δ of X if $\exists z \in \text{CH}_0(X)$ with

$$\text{class of } \Delta_X = z_{R(X)} \in \text{CH}_0(X_{R(X)})$$



Lem. X sur proj. TFAE:

- (1) X is univ CH_0 -triv
- (2) \exists dec of Δ .

UPSHOT: If X is not ^{univ} CH_0 -trivial
 $\Rightarrow X$ is not retract rat'l

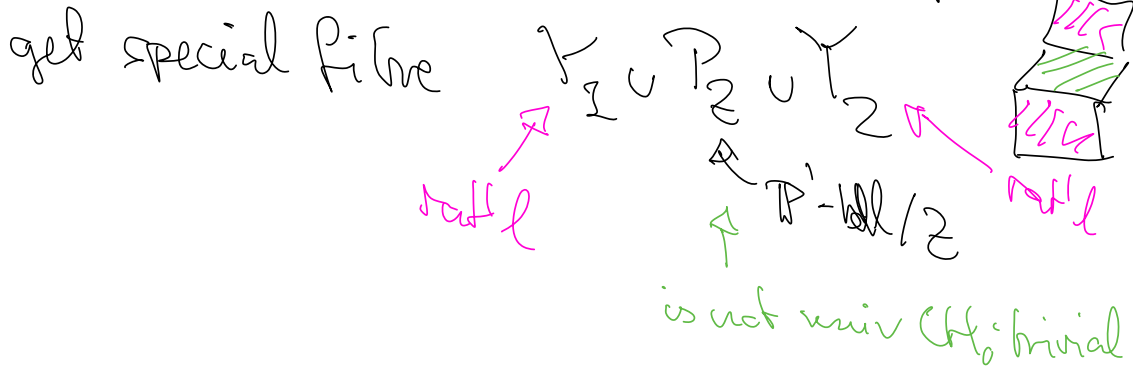
Back to NO degeneration:

$$\mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[t], \quad Y = Y_1 \cup Y_2, \quad Z = Y_1 \cap Y_2$$

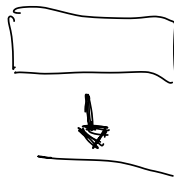
for simplicity assume Y_1 & Y_2 are rat'l
 Z is not $\mathbb{C}H_0$ -univ trivial (OK by [MPT])

$\Rightarrow Y$ is $\mathbb{C}H_0$ -univ trivial ~~and~~ ;

1st idea 2:1 base change + blow-up Z



Ex. start with $\mathbb{P}^n_{\mathbb{C}}(\mathbb{C}H_0)$



• blow-up $Z \subset \mathbb{P}^n_{\mathbb{C}}$ gen codim 2 subvariety
 in the special fibre

• blow-up of pt on esc div



Obstruction

$X \rightarrow \text{Spec } R$ str. ss, $R = \text{dvr}$, $R/\mathfrak{m} = k = \text{alg. closed}$

$$\Phi_{X, \mathbb{Z}}: CH_2(Y) \rightarrow \text{ker}(dq: \bigoplus_{i \in I} CH_0(Y_i) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z})$$

$Y \longmapsto$

$Y = \text{special fibre} = \bigcup_{i \in I} Y_i$

$Y \subset X$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{Z} \\ \text{---} \\ \mathbb{Z} \end{array} \right)_{i \in I}$$

if \mathbb{Z} has sup on Y_i
then $i \neq j$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{Z} \\ \text{---} \\ \mathbb{Z} \end{array} \right\}_{i \neq j}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\sum_{k \neq i} n_k \mathbb{Z} \\ \text{---} \\ \mathbb{Z} \end{array} \right\}_{i=j}$$

Thm (Pavic-Sch. 21)

① Assume X_Y is univ CH_0 -trivial

$\Rightarrow \forall$ unramified ext A/R of dvr (ex \mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{C}
 $\mathbb{Z}[\epsilon]/\mathbb{C}[\epsilon]$)

Φ_{X_A} is surjective.

② Assume X_Y is univ CH_0 -trivial
& Y is a chain of components:

$\Rightarrow \forall A/R$ unramified ext of dvr's
 Φ_{X_A} is surj modulo 2.



We apply (2) of the thm to a deg
similar to NO to get the following:

Thm (Pavic-Sch'21) char $k \neq 2$.

$X \in \mathbb{P}^6_{\mathbb{R}}$ v.g. quartic $\Rightarrow X$ has no dec of Δ
 $\Rightarrow X$ is not retr rat'l.

Remk. char > 0 , rat'l was open.