

**Polynomial Computations (exercises)**

Let  $\mathfrak{M}$  be a deterministic Turing machine. For an input word  $x$  by  $t_{\mathfrak{M}}(x)$  we denote the number of steps  $\mathfrak{M}$  performs when running on  $x$  (if it never stops,  $t_{\mathfrak{M}}(x) = \infty$ ). By  $T_{\mathfrak{M}}(n)$  we denote the maximal value of  $t_{\mathfrak{M}}(x)$  where  $x$  ranges over words of length  $n$ :

$$T_{\mathfrak{M}}(n) = \max\{t_{\mathfrak{M}}(x) \mid |x| = n\}.$$

1. Suppose that  $\mathfrak{M}$  has  $m$  states,  $k$  letters in its internal alphabet, and uses at most  $s(x)$  memory cells when running on input  $x$ . Give an upper bound for  $t_{\mathfrak{M}}(x)$ , provided it is not  $\infty$  (that is,  $\mathfrak{M}$  stops on  $x$ ).
2. Consider a Turing machine  $\mathfrak{M}_2$  with two tapes. At each step, it operates on each tape. Show that there exists a one-tape Turing machine  $\mathfrak{M}$  that computes the same function as  $\mathfrak{M}_2$ . Give an upper bound for  $T_{\mathfrak{M}}(n)$  in terms of  $T_{\mathfrak{M}_2}(n)$ . Do the same for the more general case of a  $k$ -tape machine  $\mathfrak{M}_k$ .
3. Does there exist an polynomial time algorithm for checking satisfiability of Boolean formulae in Disjunctive Normal Form?
4. Does there exist a polynomial time algorithm which checks whether a given graph is bipartite?
5. Does there exist a polynomial time algorithm which takes a graph and
  - (a) determines whether it has a Euler cycle;
  - (b) if the answer is "yes," returns such a cycle?
6. Does there exist a polynomial time algorithm which takes a bipartite graph and
  - (a) determines whether it has a perfect matching;
  - (b) if the answer is "yes," returns one of such matchings?